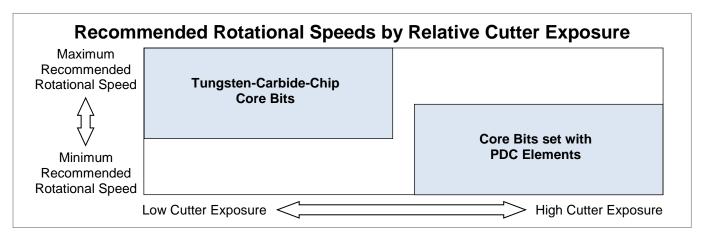


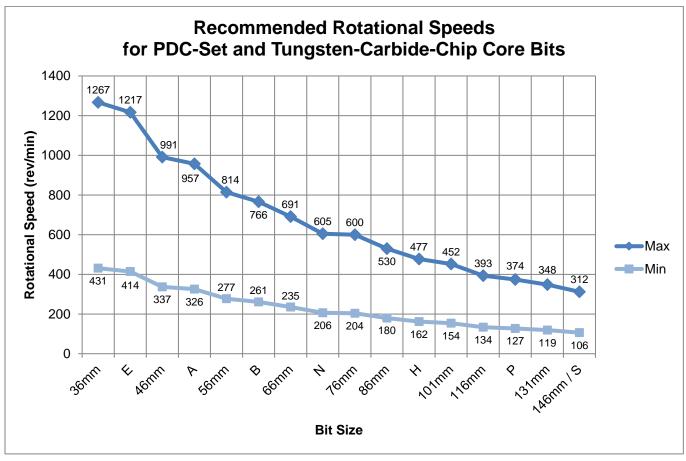
Operating Parameters: Rotational Speed for PDC-Set and Tungsten-Carbide-Chip Core Bits

General guidelines for the determination of rotational speed

A peripheral speed of **0.8 to 2.4 metres/second** (2.7 to 7.8 feet/second) measured on the outside diameter of the bit crown will often provide an acceptable rate of penetration (ROP).

In general, rotational speeds approaching the MINIMUM recommendation should be applied for PDC-set bits with a high degree of cutter exposure. Conversely, rotational speeds approaching the MAXIMUM recommendation should be applied for tungsten-carbide-chip bits with a low degree of cutter exposure. This relationship is illustrated in the following chart:





Calculation of rotational speed

The following formulae may be used to determine the required rotational speed (s) for any PDC-set or tungstencarbide-chip core bit:

Imperial system

$$s = \left(\frac{12}{\pi d}\right) p$$

Where:

d = The mean outside diameter of the bit crown measured in **inches**. Normally, this value is considered to be the mid-point of the outside set diameter tolerance.

p = The peripheral speed of the outside diameter of the bit crown measured in **feet per minute**. In order to establish the recommended rotational speed range, it is necessary to perform this calculation twice: Where one calculation is used to determine the minimum recommended rotational speed and the other calculation is used to determine the maximum recommended rotational speed. The value p is a function of the type of cutting media on the core bit.

For tungsten-carbide-chip core bits, the values of p are:

280 feet/minute (Minimum) and 470 feet/minute (Maximum).

For PCD-set diamond core bits, the values of p are:

160 feet/minute (Minimum) and 350 feet/minute (Maximum).

Metric system

$$s = \left(\frac{1000}{\pi d}\right) p$$

Where:

d = The mean outside diameter of the bit crown measured in **millimetres**. Normally, this value is considered to be the mid-point of the outside set diameter tolerance.

p = The peripheral speed of the outside diameter of the bit crown measured in **metres per minute**. In order to establish the recommended rotational speed range, it is necessary to perform this calculation twice: Where one calculation is used to determine the minimum recommended rotational speed and the other calculation is used to determine the maximum recommended rotational speed. The value p is a function of the type of cutting media on the core bit.

For tungsten-carbide-chip core bits, the values of p are:

85 metres/minute (Minimum) and 143 metres/minute (Maximum).

For PCD-set core bits, the values of *p* are:

49 metres/minute (Minimum) and 107 metres/minute (Maximum).

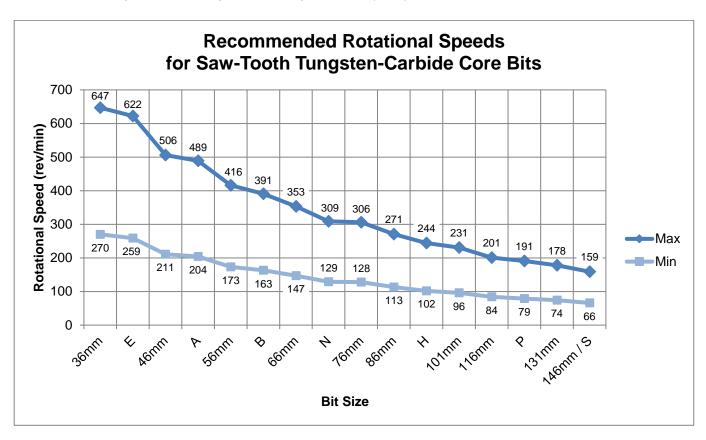
Technical Data Sheet TD106 Revision 1 Document Release Date: June 21, 2019

The technical application data in this document is intended as a basic guideline for the selection of the appropriate tools for your job. As drilling conditions and the capabilities of drilling equipment vary considerably from site to site, it is impossible to define absolute parameters for the application of our drilling tools. Some experimentation on the part of the end user may be required as parameters outside of those recommended in Dimatec's product literature may be applicable. Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the data contained in this document. Dimatec Inc. cannot accept any liability due to errors or omissions in the data that we provide. Dimatec Inc. is constantly working to improve our products and therefore reserve the right to make changes to materials, specifications, prices and technical data without prior notice.

Operating Parameters: Rotational Speed for Saw-Tooth Tungsten-Carbide Core Bits

General guidelines for the determination of rotational speed

A peripheral speed of **0.5 to 1.2 metres/second** (1.7 to 4.0 feet/second) measured on the outside diameter of the bit crown will often provide an acceptable rate of penetration (ROP).



Calculation of rotational speed

The following formulae may be used to determine the required rotational speed (s) for any saw-tooth tungstencarbide core bit:

Imperial system

$$s = \left(\frac{12}{\pi d}\right) p$$

Where:

d = The mean outside diameter of the bit crown measured in **inches**. Normally, this value is considered to be the mid-point of the outside set diameter tolerance.

p = The peripheral speed of the outside diameter of the bit crown measured in **feet per minute**. In order to establish the recommended rotational speed range, it is necessary to perform this calculation twice: Where one calculation is used to determine the minimum recommended rotational speed and the other calculation is used to determine the maximum recommended rotational speed. The value p is a function of the type of cutting media on the core bit.

For saw-tooth tungsten-carbide core bits, the values of p are: 100 feet/minute (Minimum) and 240 feet/minute (Maximum).

Metric system

$$s = \left(\frac{1000}{\pi d}\right) p$$

Where:

d = The mean outside diameter of the bit crown measured in **millimetres**. Normally, this value is considered to be the mid-point of the outside set diameter tolerance.

p = The peripheral speed of the outside diameter of the bit crown measured in **metres per minute**. In order to establish the recommended rotational speed range, it is necessary to perform this calculation twice: Where one calculation is used to determine the minimum recommended rotational speed and the other calculation is used to determine the maximum recommended rotational speed. The value p is a function of the type of cutting media on the core bit.

For saw-tooth tungsten-carbide core bits, the values of *p* are: **30 metres/minute (Minimum)** and **73 metres/minute (Maximum)**.

Technical Data Sheet TD107 Revision 0

Document Release Date: June 1, 2012 ~ Reviewed: June 21, 2019

The technical application data in this document is intended as a basic guideline for the selection of the appropriate tools for your job. As drilling conditions and the capabilities of drilling equipment vary considerably from site to site, it is impossible to define absolute parameters for the application of our drilling tools. Some experimentation on the part of the end user may be required as parameters outside of those recommended in Dimatec's product literature may be applicable. Every effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of the data contained in this document. Dimatec Inc. cannot accept any liability due to errors or omissions in the data that we provide. Dimatec Inc. is constantly working to improve our products and therefore reserve the right to make changes to materials, specifications, prices and technical data without prior notice.